INTERIM BUDGET 2022 COMBINED WITH RECENTLY

PROPOSED TAX REFORMS - 2022











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1. Introduction



- ➤ The Minister of Finance presented the Interim Budget 2022 on 30th August 2022 to cover the balance 4 months of the year 2022 highlighting following 04 aspects;
 - (i) Country's Current Economic Crisis
 - (ii) Causes of the Economic Crisis
 - Short-sighted economic practices,
 - Business Nationalization policy,
 - Poor policies on FDIs.



(iii) Solutions to the Economic Crisis

- Change our mindset and accept & follow the current trends of the modern world. (i.e. Deviate the Government involving in business)
- (iv) Methods of Solving the Crisis
 - Short term recovery actions (Eg: Support of the IMF)
 - Long term National Economic Policies (Say planning for next 25 years)

1. Introduction (Contd..)



> The Economic Crisis

Lot of tax reliefs given in 2019, resulting Tax Loss of around Rs. 600 bn – Rs. 800 bn. per annum.

	2019	2020	2021	2022 Beginning
The Tax revenue to GDP	12.7%	9.1%	8.7%	8.2%
Budget Deficit	9.6%	11.1%	11.6%	??%
Government debts to GDP	86.9%	100.6%	104.6%	110%

- Fiscal imbalance
- Foreign currency shortage
- Poor credit rating
- Needs for a Recovery;
 - Strong <u>fiscal consolidation plan</u> (revenue enhancement, expenditure rationalization measures, tax administration)
 - Macroeconomic stability

Gov. Target
Revenue by 2025
= 15% of GDP

2. Tax Proposals



Income Tax

Personal Income Tax (PIT)

Withholding Tax (WHT)

Corporate Income Tax (CIT)

- Value Added Tax (VAT)
- Social Security Contribution Levy (SSCL)
- Telecommunication Levy
- Betting and Gaming Levy
- Strengthening the Revenue Administration System
- Other Proposals
- Conclusion



Slide 5

Slide 6 & 7

Slide 8 – 10

Slide 11

Slide 12

Slide 13

Slide 14

Slide 15 & 16

Slide 17 - 19

Slide 20 & 21



- 1.1 Personal Income Tax (PIT) (Revisions w.e.f. 01st October 2022)
 - Compulsory registration for IT of every resident reaching 18 years of age.

• Reduction of the annual personal relief from Rs. 3 million to Rs. 1.8 million.

Proposed Personal Income Tax Rates;

Taxable Income (Rs.)	Rate (%)
First 1.2 million	4
Next 1.2 million	8
Next 1.2 million	12
Next 1.2 million	16
Next 1.2 million	20
Next 1.2 million	24
Next 1.2 million	28
On the balance	32





- 1.2 Withholding Tax (WHT) (w.e.f. 01st October 2022)
- 1.2.1 Withholding Tax on Employment Income (APIT/PAYE) (w.e.f. 01st October 2022)
 - Mandatory on all employees receiving in excess of personal relief of Rs. 1.8Mn. per Y/A.
- 1.2.2 Withholding Tax (AIT) on <u>Investment Income</u> (w.e.f. 01st October 2022)
 - AIT Mandatory for all taxpayers

Source	Rates
Interest	5%
Dividend	14%
Rent (exceeding Rs. 100,000 per month)	10%
In all other cases	14%



AIT on dividends and on individuals' interest income are final withholding taxes.



1.2 Withholding Tax (WHT)

1.2.3 Withholding Tax on Service Payments (w.e.f. 01st October 2022)

• Introduction on WHT (AIT) on service payments <u>exceeding Rs. 100,000 p.m.</u> made to individuals (such as professionals) - @ **5**%

1.2.4 Relief on Interest income for Senior Citizens (w.e.f. 01st October 2022)

• Re-introduction of relief of Rs. 1.5 million p.a. on interest income of senior citizens.





1.3 Corporate Income Tax (CIT)

- Increasing the standard CIT rate from 24% to 30% (w.e.f. 01st October 2022)
- Increasing the concessionary CIT rate from 14% to 15% (w.e.f. 01st October 2022)
- The 18% rate on manufacturing & 40% on liquor, tobacco, betting and gaming continue.
- **Dividends** paid by a <u>resident company to a non-resident person</u> made liable to income tax (w.e.f. April 1, 2023). (i.e. 14% WHT at source)



2. Tax Proposals (Contd...) - Income Tax



1.3 Corporate Income Tax (CIT)

- The following IT holidays under 3rd Schedule to the Act be removed. (Effective date?)
- Tax holiday continues on projects/undertakings commenced prior to 31st March 2023.
 - i. <u>10 year tax exemption</u> period for an undertaking that **sells construction materials recycled** in a selected separate site established in Sri Lanka to recycle the materials which were already used in the construction industry.
 - ii. <u>5 year tax exemption</u> period for any business commenced on or after 1st April 2021 by an **individual after successful completion of vocational education** from any institution which is standardized under TVET concept and regulated by the Tertiary and Vocational Education Commission.
 - iii. 7 year tax exemption period for an undertaking commenced by a resident person in manufacturing of boats or ships in SL.
 - iv. <u>Unlimited tax exemption</u> on any undertaking for **letting bonded warehouses/** warehouses related to the offshore business, in Colombo and Hambantota ports.



1.3 Corporate Income Tax (CIT)

- Removal of income tax holidays (Contd...)
 - v. <u>5 years tax exemption</u> period for any undertaking commenced on or after 1st January 2021 by any resident person who **constructs and installs the communication towers and related appliances** or provides required **technical services** for such construction or installation.
- Additional deduction granted for expenses related to marketing & communication be removed w.e.f. 1st April 2023.
- Revisiting the definition given for "multi-national companies" under the Inland Revenue Act, to improve the clarify.
- Making any other consequential amendments due to the above proposals.



Proposals made on Value Added Tax

Increase in VAT rate:- w.e.f. 01st June 2022 - 8% to 12% (Legalized)

w.e.f. 01st Sept. 2022 - 12% to 15% (To be Legalized)

- VAT threshold decreasing from Rs. 300Mn p.a. to Rs. 120Mn p.a. (w.e.f. 1st October 2022).
- Reviewing VAT exemption schedule and removal of unproductive exemptions.
- Removal of the VAT exemption on Condominium Residential Apartments (w.e.f. 1st October 2022).
- Removal of 0% VAT rate & replacing with 12% on the supply of services by a (Tourism Development Authority registered) hotel, guest house, restaurant or other similar businesses providing similar services (w.e.f. 1st October 2022). [Now 0% VAT is available if 60% of the total value of the inputs are sourced locally].
- Making any other consequential amendments due to the above proposals.

INTERIM BUDGET 2022 & PROPOSED TAX REFORMS 2. Tax Proposals (Contd...) - SSCL



- Social Security Contribution Levy (SSCL) bill is out, but not yet passed in the Parliament.
- 2.5% Social Security Contribution Levy (SSCL) be paid monthly on following;
 - (a) Importing On 100% of the turnover (Pay at the time of import clearance)
 - (b) Manufacturing On 85% of the turnover
 - (c) Providing a service of any description On 100% of the Financial Services Value Addition
 - (d) Wholesale or retail sale of any article including importation and sale -
 - Distributor (Locally manufactured goods) On 25% of the turnover
 - Wholesale/Retail Trading (Imported /Local) On 50% of the turnover
- Effective date to be announced (To be legalized)
- Thresholds on taxable person;
 - aggregate of the turnover >= Rs. 120 Mn (for the year 01.07.2021 30.06.2022)
 - aggregate of the turnover >= Rs. 30 Mn (for a quarter commence on or after 01.07.2022*, if exceeds or is likely to exceed) * Need to change the date

INTERIM BUDGET 2022 & PROPOSED TAX REFORMS2. Tax Proposals (Contd...) - Telecommunication Levy



Telecommunication Levy

Telecommunication Levy increased from 11.25% to 15% (w.e.f. 01st June 2022).

History:

The rate was reduced from 15% to 11.25% effective from 1st December 2019.

Accordingly, revenue decreased by 28%.

• In 2019

Rs. 18.3 bn.

• In 2020

Rs. 13.1 bn.



INTERIM BUDGET 2022 & PROPOSED TAX REFORMS2. Tax Proposals (Contd...) - Betting and Gaming Levy



Amendments proposed regarding Betting and Gaming Levy (w.e.f. 1st January 2023).

- i. Increasing Annual Levy on the business of gaming from Rs. 200 Mn to Rs. 500 Mn.
- ii. Increasing Annual Levy for betting;
 - a) From Rs. 4 Mn to Rs. 5 Mn when it is carried on through agents
 - b) From Rs. 0.6 Mn to Rs. 1 Mn when it is carried on using live telecast facilities
 - c) From Rs. 50,000 to Rs. 75,000 when it is carried on without the use of live telecast facilities
- iii. Increasing the rate of the levy on Gross Collection from 10% to 15%.

2. Tax Proposals (Contd...)

Strengthening the Revenue Administration Systems



Strengthening the Revenue Administration Systems:

- Proposed to strengthen the Tax Administration Systems for;
 - Efficient Tax Collection,
 - Strengthen Tax Compliance,
 - Prevent Tax Avoidance.
- Mandatory Tax Registration of all residents who are above 18 years
- In addition to the tax policy reforms, it is proposed to strengthen the revenue administration at revenue collecting agencies with the infusion of ¹technology and rigorous ²tax audits
 - : Sri Lanka Customs,
 - : Inland Revenue Department and
 - : Excise Department.



2. Tax Proposals (Contd...)

Strengthening the Revenue Administration Systems



Strengthening The Customs Administration –

Proposed to implement recommendations of the "Presidential Commission of Inquiry into Sri Lanka Customs" which includes so many recommendations on how to operate the Sri Lanka Customs efficiently & effectively.

- Review the multiple tariff rates,
- Modernize Customs administration through automation,
- Integrated IT Systems to streamline the operations of bonded warehouses,
- Harmonizing of the BOI and Custom arrangements, etc.
- For efficient tax collection, strengthening tax compliances & preventing tax avoidance,
- Optimize the utilization of Government movable & immovable properties,
- Review the activities of the Project offices & units,

2. Tax Proposals (Contd...)

Strengthening the Revenue Administration Systems & Other Proposals



- Introduction of online revenue collection system of Local Government Authority's revenue,
- Promoting of JVs with local parties for better utilization of Governmental resources,
- 20% shareholding in state banks to depositors and to employees for recapitalization. (>>)



Other Proposals;

- Reduction of high trade barriers in the form of para-tariffs.
- Duty concessions on raw materials for the manufacture of electric bikes,
- Granting of duty concessions to promote local packaging of products,
- Several **new legislations** restabilize the economy & for the growth,
- Writing off of the small farmers arrear loans,
- Promoting domestic dairy farming. (Rs. 200Mn. Dairy + Rs. 50 Mn. for State lands agriculture)
- Expansion of renewable energy sources & allocate State lands for same.
- Reduce the Gov. & semi-gov. employees retiring age up to 60 years w.e.f. 31.12.2022,



2. Tax Proposals (Contd...)

Strengthening the Revenue Administration Systems & Other Proposals



- A Parliamentary Committee be established to closely deal with issues in raising government revenue.
- A new Central Bank Act.
- A Financial Regulatory Mechanisms as like the system of Inspectors General in the United States.
- Only electric vehicles to be purchased for the use of state services.
- State Owned Enterprise (SOE) restructuring unit to restructure SL Airlines, CEB & CPC. (Rs.200mn.)
- Establishing a National Debt Management Agency under the Treasury.
- For the Maha Season LKR 40Bn allocation for agricultural requirements & reduced fertilizer price.
- Capital Expenditure priority to Education, Health, digitalization, public sector, and social security.

2. Tax Proposals (Contd...)

Strengthening the Revenue Administration Systems & Other Proposals



- Provide relief for fishing and estate communities, hit by Kerosene price hike.
- Railway Services to be developed with the private sector.
- Fund allocation to help the transport of fresh vegetables & fruits to Colombo through railway. (LKR 200.0Mn.)
- For a program to get attract high-end **tourists**, a five-member committee to be appointed.
- LKR 300.0Mn has been allocated for the development of several **tourism industry projects** targeting 2.5Mn tourist arrivals by 2023.
- LKR 2,500p.m. to **pregnant mothers** in addition to the present LKR 20,000.
- Samurdhi beneficiaries & elderly and disabled persons' allowance be increased from LKR 5,000 to LKR 7,500.
- 61,000 low-income earning families to receive LKR 10,000p.m. for a period of 4 months.

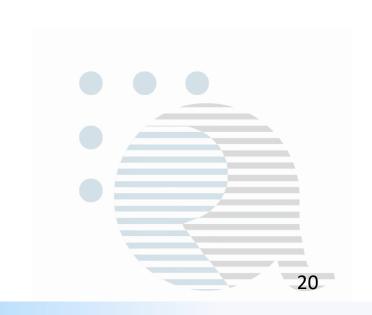
PROPOSED TAX REFORMS - 2022



Conclusion;

Government needs the taxpayers' support by settling the correct tax on time.





FOR FURTHER CLARIFICATIONS PLEASE COMMUNICATE







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